

# CAREGIVING IMPACTS ON UNPAID INFORMAL CARERS' HEALTH AND WELL-BEING – A GENDER PERSPECTIVE

### COSTS OF CAREGIVING ARE RISING

Unpaid informal caregivers provide most long-term care delivered in Europe, equivalent to 3.6% of gross domestic product.<sup>1</sup>

**3.6%** 

1. Peña-Longobardo LM, Oliva-Moreno |. The economic value of non-professional care: a Europe-wide analysis. Int | Health Policy Manag. 2021. doi: 10.34172/ijhpm.2021.149

#### GENDER MATTERS

Most unpaid informal carers are women. The gender imbalance is greatest at ages 50–64 years, when caregiving prevalence is highest.<sup>2</sup>

Share of men and women



Unpaid informal care subsidizes health and long term care systems. If an additional 10% of older people currently receiving informal support were to be provided with formal care, public expenditure on long-term care in European Union countries would need to double.<sup>3</sup>



2. Own calculations based on weighted results from Surve of Health, Ageing and Retirement in Europe, wave 8.

The 2021 ageing report. Economic & budgetary projections for the EU Member States (2019–2070). Brussels:

Women are **overrepresented** among unpaid informal caregivers, as is the case in the formal health and long-term-care workforce.



Male caregivers mostly provide care for spouses and carry out household management tasks.

Female caregivers deliver more personal care, and frequent and high-intensity care.

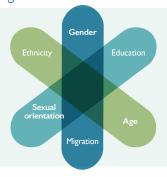


# GENDER DIFFERENCES IN HEALTH CONCERNS

**Unpaid informal caregiving,** especially over time or at higher intensity, can have detrimental effects on carers' health and well-being.

# Gender discrimination can interact with other forms of prejudice

to worsen the health effects of informal caregiving and dissuade unpaid informal caregivers from seeking and receiving help and support.



Male caregivers are more likely to experience detrimental effects on physical health, while women more likely to report negative mental health outcomes.





The COVID-19 pandemic disproportionately affected unpaid informal caregivers' health, especially in women, and the gender gap in providing care widened. 4.5

4. Gender equality and the socio-economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Vilnius: European Institute for Gender Inequality; 2021 (https://eige.europa.eu/publications/gender-equality-and-socio-economic-impact-covid-19-pandemic, accessed 1 June 2022).

5. Impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on informal carers across Europe. Final report. Brussels: Eurocarers; 2021 (https://eurocarers.org/publications/impact-of-the-covid-19-outbreak-on-informal-carers-across-europe/, accessed 1 June 2022)

#### HOW CAN UNPAID INFORMAL CARERS' WELL-BEING BE IMPROVED?

RECOGNIZE. AND REDUCE. REDISTRIBUTE AND REWARD UNPAID INFORMAL CARE.





their needs



Provide respite care



Provide training



Offer counselling



Provide information about available services



Ensure case management and service coordination



Provide regular health check ups



Provide financial support

Gender unequal Perpetuates Gender blind Ignores gender

Protect carer-dependent eligibility

The care burden on (especially female) carers increases when benefits are removed from those receiving informal care.

## Gender sensitive Acknowledges but

Acknowledges but does not address inequalities

#### Expand health coverage

Health coverage allows carers (who are mostly women) to access health care.

#### Gender specific Considers women's

and men's specific needs

### Address the double burden

Social and health interventions should address women who combine caregiving with other unpaid work.

### Challenge gender patterns of care

Aims at transfor-

ming harmful gen-

der norms, roles

and relations

Addressing stereotypes in early child education, reproductive health, parental leave and caring professions Countries will benefit from moving beyond gender-sensitive and gender-specific interventions to gender-transformative policies.

Source: WHO GRASS tool (Gender mainstreaming for health managers: a practical approach, WHO, 2011)