# Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

## Situation Report – 58 Timor-Leste



Data as reported by 11 August 2020

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

- The national guideline for COVID-19 surveillance and contact tracing has been updated and integrated the updated global case definition for suspected and probable cases of COVID-19. The fifth revision of the guideline underlines importance of expanded and integrated surveillance strategies with respiratory infections, and incorporates the experiences of contact management, particularly, quarantine of entrants.
- In order to maintain the essential services, especially during the pandemic when health systems are overstretched and human resources scarce, the Ministry of Health, with support from WHO finalised the action plan on Human Resource for Health (HRH) to operationalize the national HRH Strategic plan 2020-2024.
- European Union (EU) and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) launched a media training programme to strengthen the ability of the National Parliament of Timor-Leste to produce and broadcast Parliament-related news, including and a twenty-episode civic education campaign. This initiative is part of the COVID-19 response within the EU-UNDP Project "Strengthening Integral Local Development by Building the Capacities of the Municipal Authorities in Timor-Leste." The measures will assist the National Parliament in maintaining regular operations and strengthen its mandate to track and monitor the government's Covid-19 response actions.

#### **SITUATION IN NUMBERS**

25 confirmed (0 new)0 deaths

(As per data released by the Ministry of Health)

Follow WHO Timor-Leste on Facebook and Twitter.

More information and guidance by WHO regarding the current COVID-19 outbreak can be found here.

**GLOBAL SITUATION IN NUMBERS Total (new) cases in last 24 hours** 

**Globally 19 718 030** confirmed (**253 409**) **728 013** deaths (**5 719**)

WHO RISK ASSESSMENT
Global Level Very High

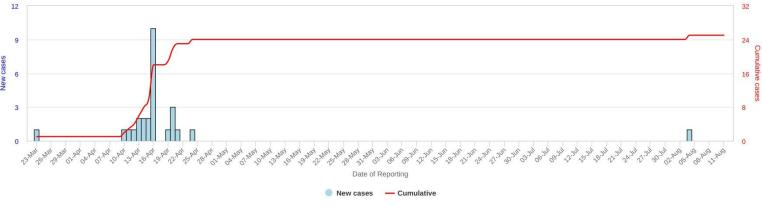
- To bring back the immunization coverage levels to the ideal levels, which had registered a drop during
  the period of state of emergency due to the pandemic, UNICEF and WHO are supporting the MoH's
  ongoing DT-5/polio vaccine catch-up campaign in schools to identify children who may have missed
  out on receiving the vaccines during the State of Emergency and provide them with the required DT5/polio vaccine.
- To further support and strengthen the immunization services in the country, UNICEF shipped in 20,000 doses of the tetanus vaccine and has provided phone credit to the MOH to help ensure the cold-chain system in all 13 municipalities is functioning and is regularly monitored.
- The Government of Timor-Leste, UNDP and Asian Development Bank under a joint collaboration initiative are reaching as many as 25,000 households in the most vulnerable areas of Dili, Baucau, Bobonaro, Covalima and Oecusse with food baskets. The food baskets sourced directly from local farmers and via the government-supported Loja dos Agricultores syndicate will also support incomes for farmers across Timor-Leste.

 UNICEF and USAID handed over 15 different supply items for infection prevention and control to the Comoro Community Health Center to support the provision of routine health services for children and families.



#### New and cumulative COVID-19 cases in Timor-Leste by date of reporting

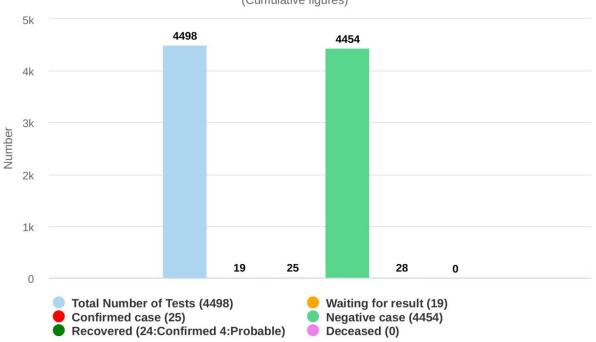
( 11-Aug-2020 : New cases-0 Cumulative-25 )



Source: National Directorate of Disease Control - Department of Epidemic Surveillance

## Current Situation: COVID-19 Timor-Leste

(Cumulative figures)



Source: National Directorate of Disease Control - Department of Epidemic Surveillance

## WHO TIMOR-LESTE STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- Interrupt human-to-human transmission including reducing secondary infections among close contacts and health care workers, preventing transmission amplification events;
- Strengthening of surveillance systems and increasing laboratory capacity to detect COVID-19 cases;
- Ensuring adherence to the strictest standards of infection prevention and control (IPC) and increase capacity for IPC;
- Identify, isolate and care for patients early, including providing optimized care for infected patients;
- Communicate critical risk and event information to all communities and counter misinformation;
- Minimize social and economic impact through multisectoral partnerships.

### RECOMMENDATIONS AND ADVICE FOR THE PUBLIC

### Wash your hands frequently

Regularly and thoroughly clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand rub or wash them with soap and water.

**Why?** Washing your hands with soap and water or using alcohol-based hand rub kills viruses that may be on your hands.

## Maintain physical distancing

Maintain at least 1 metre (3 feet) distance between yourself and others.

**Why?** When someone coughs or sneezes they spray small liquid droplets from their nose or mouth which may contain virus. If you are too close, you can breathe in the droplets, including the COVID-19 virus if the person coughing is infected.

#### Use face mask when physical distancing is not possible

**Why?** If when you're in a setting where maintaining the physical distance of 1 meter or more is not possible due to the space constraint, then it is imperative that you use a face mask as it can help in stopping the transmission of COVID-19

## Avoid touching eyes, nose and mouth

**Why?** Hands touch many surfaces and can pick up viruses. Once contaminated, hands can transfer the virus to your eyes, nose or mouth. From there, the virus can enter your body and make you sick.

#### Practice respiratory hygiene

Make sure you, and the people around you, follow good respiratory hygiene. This means covering your mouth and nose with your bent elbow or tissue when you cough or sneeze. Then dispose of the used tissue safely immediately.

**Why?** Droplets spread virus. By following good respiratory hygiene you protect the people around you from viruses such as cold, flu and COVID-19.

## If you have fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical care early

Stay home if you feel unwell. If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical attention and call in advance. Follow the directions of health authorities.

**Why?** Calling in advance will allow your health care provider to quickly direct you to the right health facility. This will also protect you and help prevent spread of viruses and other infections.

## Stay informed and follow advice given by your healthcare provider

Stay informed on the latest developments about COVID-19. Follow advice given by your healthcare provider, your national and local public health authority or your employer on how to protect yourself and others from COVID-19.

**Why?** National and local authorities will have the most up to date information on whether COVID-19 is spreading in your area. They are best placed to advise on what people in your area should be doing to protect themselves.

## Protect ourselves and our loved ones against #COVID19:

- **♥** Wash your hands frequently
- Cover coughs and sneezes
- **♦** Avoid touching your face
- Avoid crowded places and limit time in enclosed spaces
- **♥** Keep a distance of at least 1 metre from others
- Use of mask is imperative when physical-distancing is not possible.
- Regularly clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces
- Isolate yourself from others if feeling unwell and seek care, if needed

More guidance on preventive measures is available <u>here</u>.

#### **COVID-19 Information and media queries:**

- The MoH has established a hotline number 119 for COVID-19 on which people can call to get any COVID-19 related information.
- Additionally, MoH Facebook page provides timely updates on COVID-19 developments in the country.
- WHO Timor-Leste through its <u>Facebook page</u> and <u>Twitter handle</u> also disseminates information on preventive measures, questions and answers, myth-busters and latest updates on COVID-19 globally and nationally. For media queries and interviews requests can be sent to <u>singhsho@who.int</u> and <u>hasane@who.int</u>