

Empowering Community Health Workers (CHWs) through capacity strengthening for outbreak detection and response in Uganda

Dr. Atim Dansan Community Based Surveillance (CBS) Focal Person- MoH/Sub-Pillar Head 30th April 2025

Sudan – Ebola Virus Disease (SUVD) and Mpox Disease Outbreaks, 2025

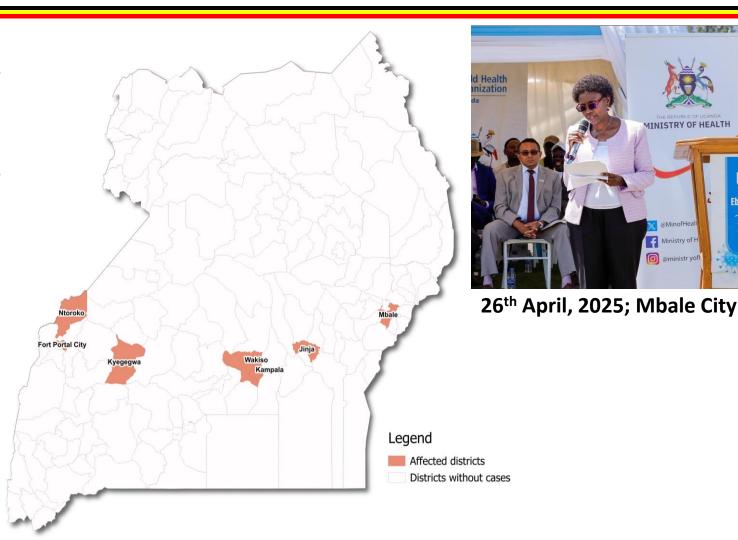


- SUVD Outbreak occurred in the face of persistent, sustained Mpox epidemics
 - SUVD declared on the 30th January 202, 2025
 - Mpox declared on the 24th July, 2024
- Uganda was declared SUVD free on the 26th April, 2025
 - 86 days of response
- Uganda still grapples with Mpox outbreak

SUVD outbreak, 30th Jan-26th April, 2025



- 14 cumulative cases
 - 12 confirmed
 - 2 probable
- 10 Patients recovere
- CFR: 28.6%
- Districts
 - Kampala City
 - Wakiso
 - Jinja
 - Mbale
 - Ntoroko (probables)
 - Kyegegwa



Mpox Outbreak in Uganda



- 15th April 2025, National Sitreps
 - Cumulative cases: 5,431
 - Cumulative deaths: 40
 - Case Fatality Rate: 0.74
- Most affected districts: 10/146
 - 1. Kampala: Cum cases: **2,394** and Cum deaths: **16**
 - 2. Wakiso: Cum cases: 702 and Cum deaths: 07
 - 3. Mbarara City: Cum cases: 420 and Cum deaths:02
 - 4. Mukono: Cum cases: **201** and Cum deaths: **02**

CBS performance in SUVD outbreak

Indicator	Target	Performance	
Proportion of community oriented CBS	50 % of total on VHTs in the affected village oriented on CBS and EVD	Overall: 61.9% KMA (Kampala) Wakiso (VHTS-2570) Mukono Mbale City& District Jinja City & District Ntoroko Kyegegwa Fort Portal & Kabarole (1034)	Kla 1428/1520-93.9% Wattuba 190(100%)-7.4% 400/884 (45.2 %) 1180/1212 (97.4%) 250/273 (91%) 426/438 (97.2%) 242/956 (25.3%) 80/80 (100%) -7.7%
Proportion of High-R Households visited a sensitized		Overall: 100% KMA (Mukono, Kla & Wakiso) Mbale City& District Jinja City & District Ntoroko Kyegegwa Fort Portal & Kabarole	176 Last week 270/270 (100%) 26/26 (100%) 13/13 (100%) 15/15 (100%) 6/6 (100%) 5/5 (100%)



Orientation of Community members

- 1. Basics of CBS
- 2. SUVD and Mpox
- 3. Reporting
- 4. Roles of community
 - Fight of SUVD and Mpox







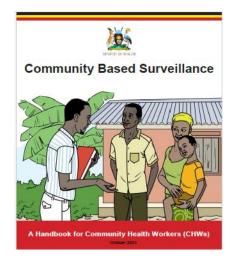
Alert test 30 m suspected Ebola
Fiver joint pain vomiting Diarrhea
Weak started on 2/3/25 by
Byamukama Gregory V HT
wattuba H C 3 asangati T C
Wakiso Dictrict

Roles of VHTS in CBS during SUVD/Mpox

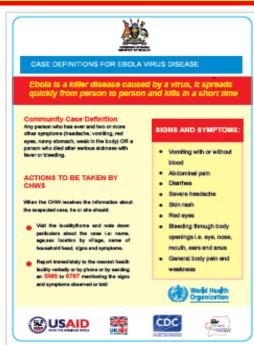


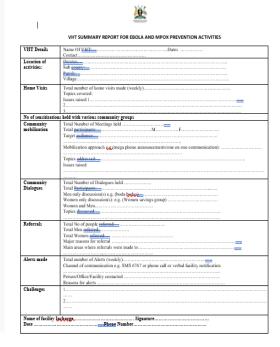
- Detection of SUVD/Mpox
 - Screening suspects
 - Case Definition
 - CBS hand book
- Notification and Reporting- Alerts
 - 6767
 - Phone Calls
- Support Response
 - Community Mobilization
 - Referrals
 - Community Dialogue
 - Contact tracing

Handbook









Community Case definition

VHT weekly summary

Home visits to high-risk households







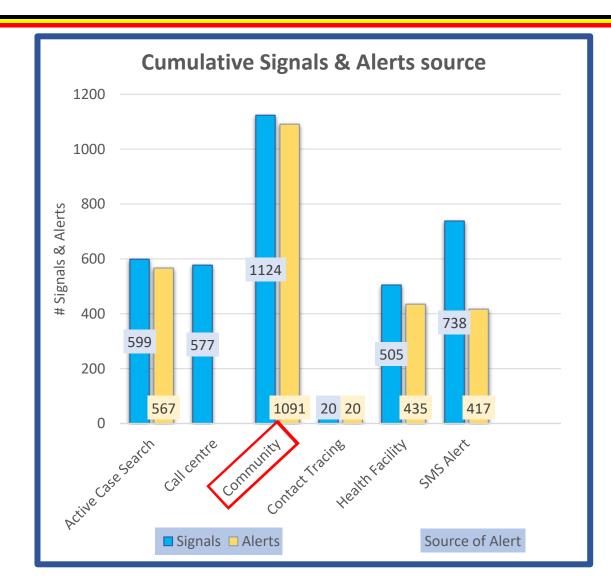






CBS contribution to other sub-pillars

- Alert Management
 - Community signals and alerts
- Contact Tracing and follow-up
 - Supported HWs to identify homes
- RCCE pillar
 - Integrated response
 - Community sensitization and mobilization meetings
- School Based Surveillance



Community sensitization and dialogues













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Support to SBS



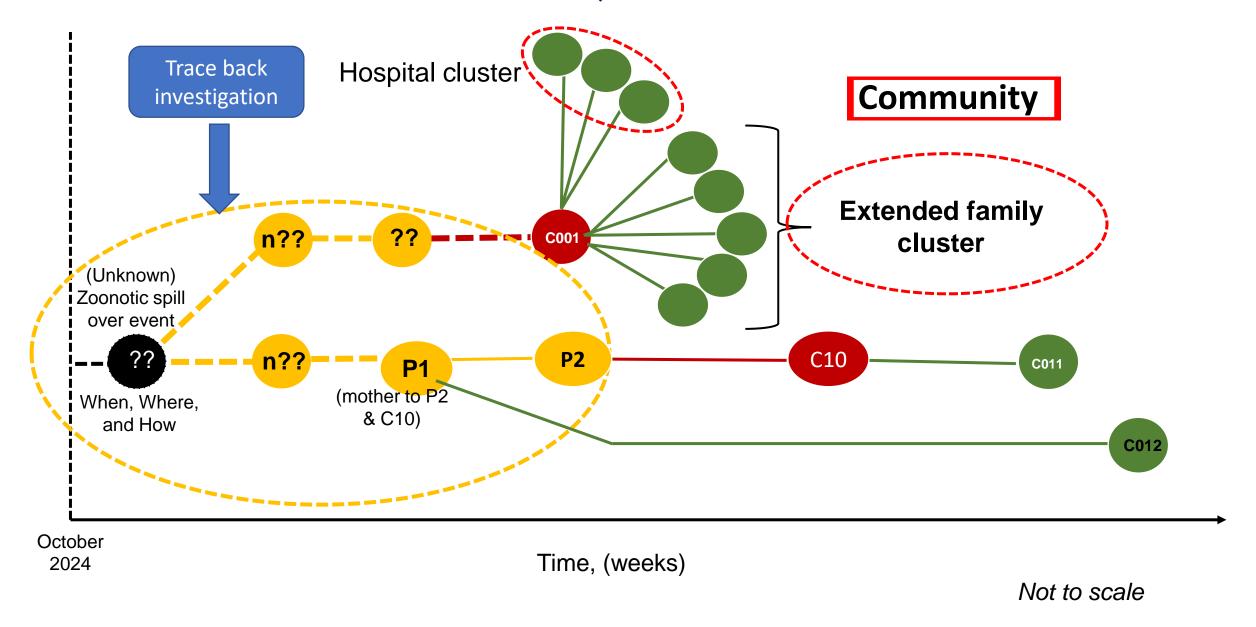








SUVD, two transmission chains





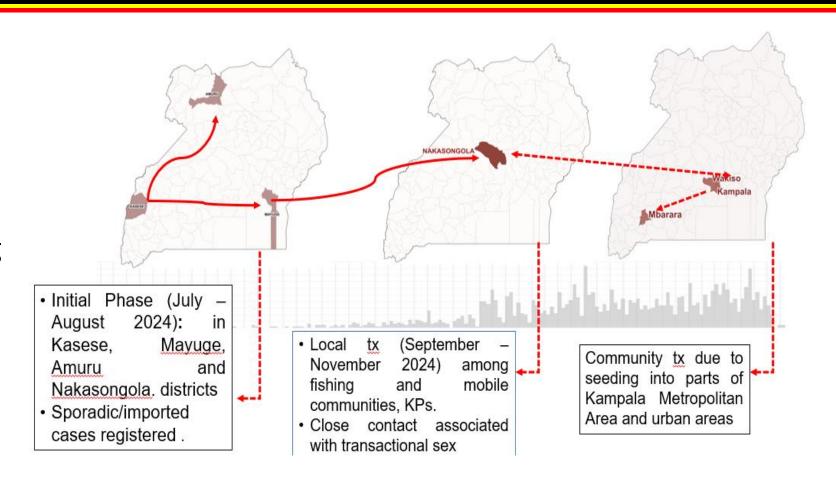


- Respect for cultural/religious diversity is key-reduces community resistance and conflicts
 - Moslem contacts were monitored for 21 days from home during Eid El-Fitr
- Zoonotic disease outbreaks need One Health Approach
 - Deployed teams from environment and animal health
- Capacity building for community enhances early detection
 - Trained community members from Wakiso, Kole and Mukono were deployed to support response
- Integrated response improves outbreak containment
 - Anthropologists and risk communication specialists worked with surveillance
- Digitization of community reporting tools improves timely reporting
 - Alert management systems were digitized



Evaluation of current Mpox outbreak

- Wide spread community transmission
- Increased incidence
 - Urban centers like cities
 - Crowded areas like fishing communities
 - Age category: 25-29
 - Among sex workers



Can the lessons learned from SUVD CBS help contain Mpox outbreak?



Yes

- Involve CHWs to convey targeted risk communication
- Collaborate and Involve community leaders in creating and disseminating information
- Distribute IEC materials to hot spots
- Orientation of Communities and schools



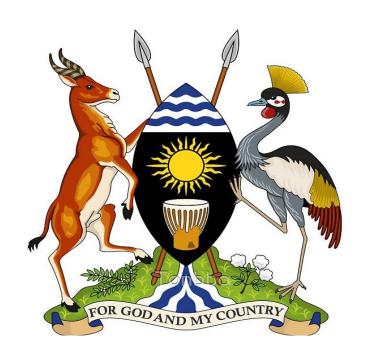






Challenges and recommendations

- **1. Issue:** One Health approach not fully involved in MPOX control
 - Recommendation: strengthen OH at community and district level
- **2. Issue:** CHWs not involved in home-based care for Mpox like Covid 19
 - **Recommendation:** Develop, orient and disseminate guidelines for Mpox home-based care



THANK YOU