

# FIVE KEY POINTS TO CONSIDER FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND OPTIMAL USE OF NEW ANTIBIOTICS

## 5 Preserve effectiveness

Antimicrobial stewardship activities, alignment with the WHO AWaRe classification, diagnostics and prevention of infection are essential to preserve antibiotics.

## 1 Target priority pathogens

The WHO bacterial priority pathogens list prioritizes drug-resistant infections for which new treatments are urgently needed.

## 2 Overcome existing resistance

New antibiotics are needed that meet at least one of the innovation criteria\*, address a treatment gap and/or have clinical utility.

## 4 Make accessible to all

Quality, affordability and sustainable availability are important to ensure equitable access to new antibiotics.

## 3 Address a public health need

New antibiotics should respond to a public health need, be safe and available in IV and oral formulations for children and adults as appropriate.

